# **Collaborative Practice & Roles for Healthcare Providers**

## Pediatric Eating And Swallowing Provincial Project





# Welcome

Introductions & Objectives





This presentation will be recorded and available on the PEAS website

## **Provider Training Dates**

Торіс	Audience	Dates & Times (Choose 1 of each)			
Overview & New Tools	Managers & Healthcare Providers	<ul> <li>✓ Jul 21</li> <li>11-12 pm</li> </ul>	✓ Oct 21 3-4 pm		
Clinical Practice Guide	Healthcare Providers	✓ Jul 23 3-4 pm	<ul> <li>✓ Oct 28</li> <li>3-4 pm</li> </ul>		
Collaborative Practice & Roles	Healthcare Providers	✓ Jul 30 3-4 pm	<ul> <li>✓ Nov 5</li> <li>2-3 pm</li> </ul>		

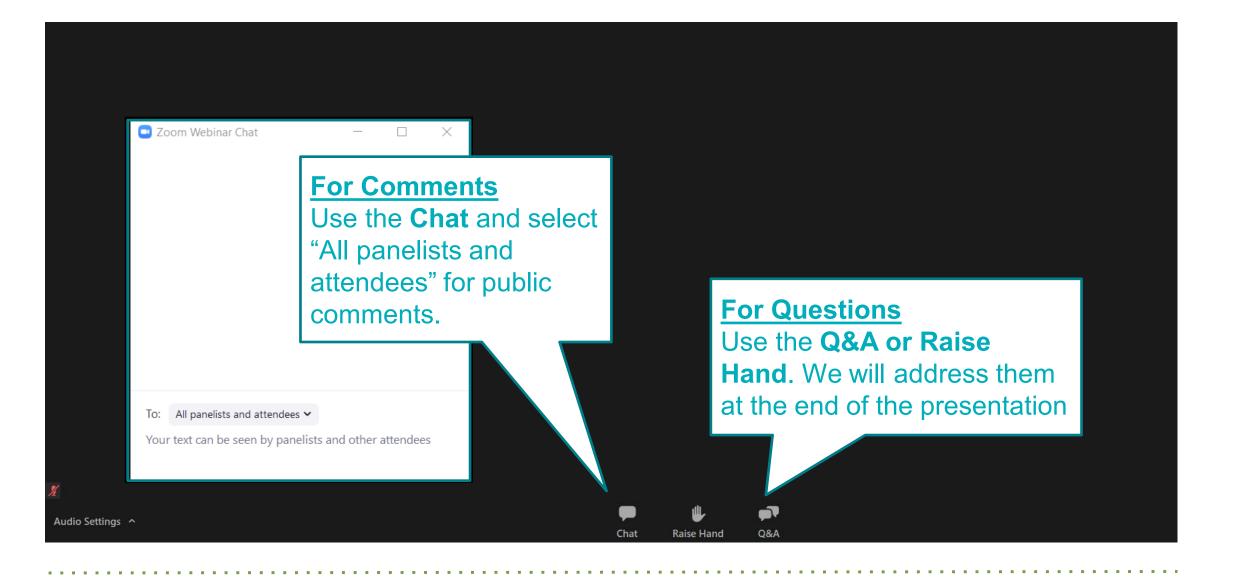
✓ Online recordings: <u>https://peas.albertahealthservices.ca/Page/Index/10176</u>





November 5, 2020

### PEAS Provider Training: Overview & New Tools



**PEAS Collaborative Practice & Roles** 

# Overview Pediatric Eating And Swallowing Provincial Project



## **Project Scope**

The Pediatric Eating And Swallowing (PEAS) Project is a provincial **quality improvement** initiative with the purpose of developing a provincial eating, feeding, and swallowing **clinical pathway** to standardize and improve care for children with a **pediatric feeding disorder**.<sup>1</sup>

**Target population:** Patients receiving care from provincial Outpatient Clinics, Home Care, or Community Rehabilitation

<sup>1</sup> Goday PS et al. *Pediatric Feeding Disorder: Consensus Definition and Conceptual Framework.* J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr. 2019 Jan;68(1):124-129.

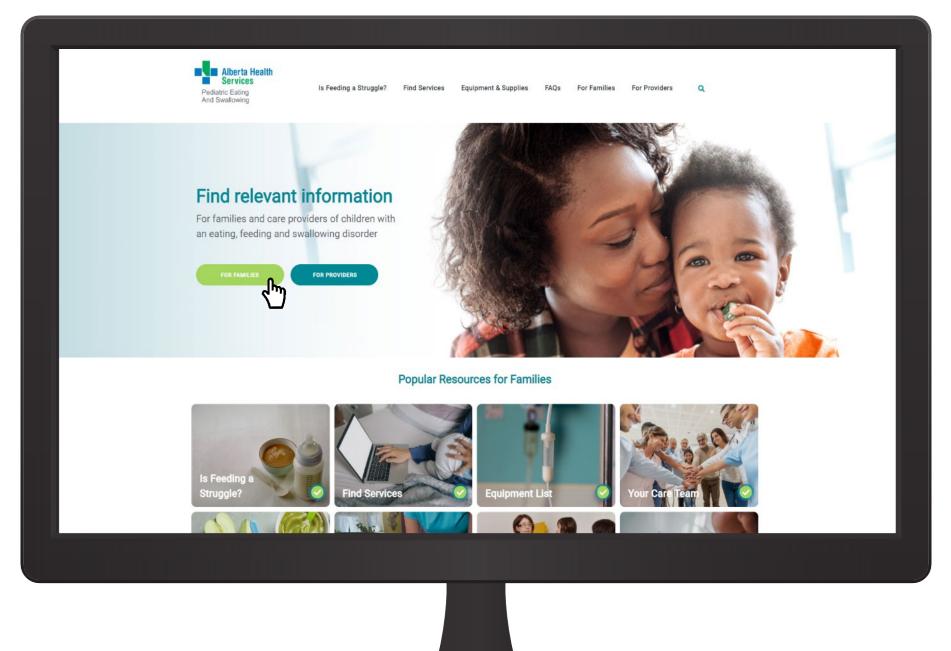
## **Role Clarity & Communication**

Sample Feedback from World Cafes (Fall 2018)

- "Families don't know who provides what?"
- "Discussions happen in siloed clinics."
- "We lack common goals and a common purpose."
- "Transitions who makes the next decision about care?"

"Certain disciplines carve out their areas and can create systemic issues and historical roles within a site or service."

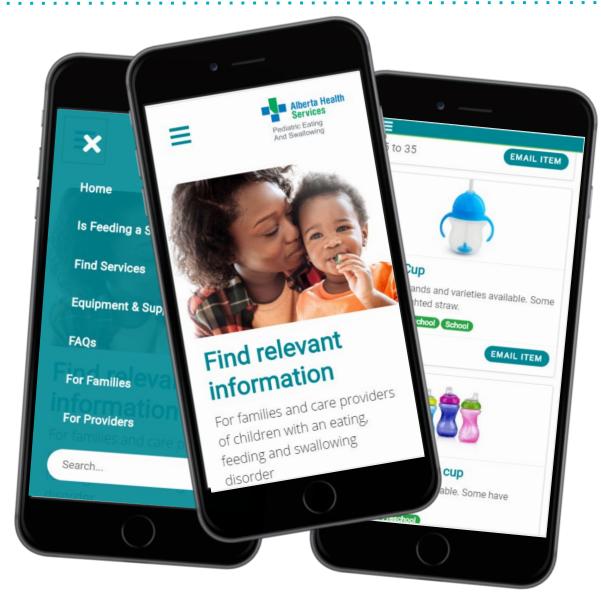
"Lack **multidisciplinary visits** to see the big picture, usually there isn't a 'team."



https://peas.ahs.ca

### **PEAS Collaborative Practice & Roles**

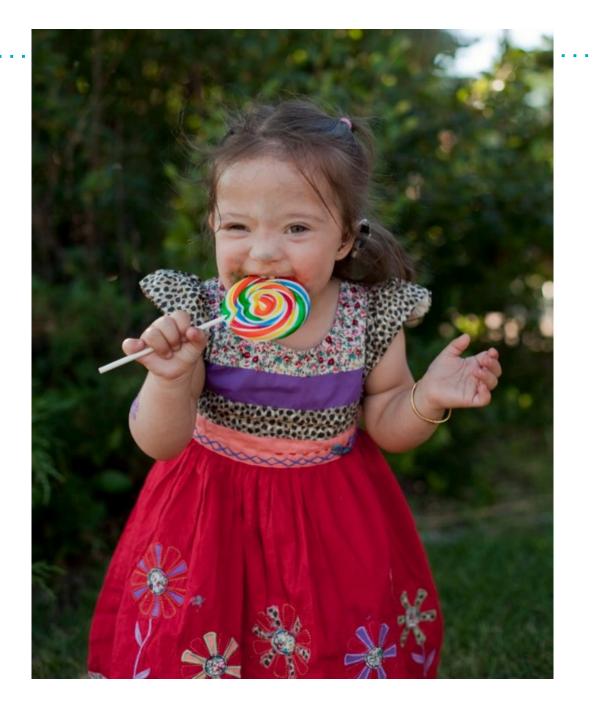
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# Family Story Mona Dhanda





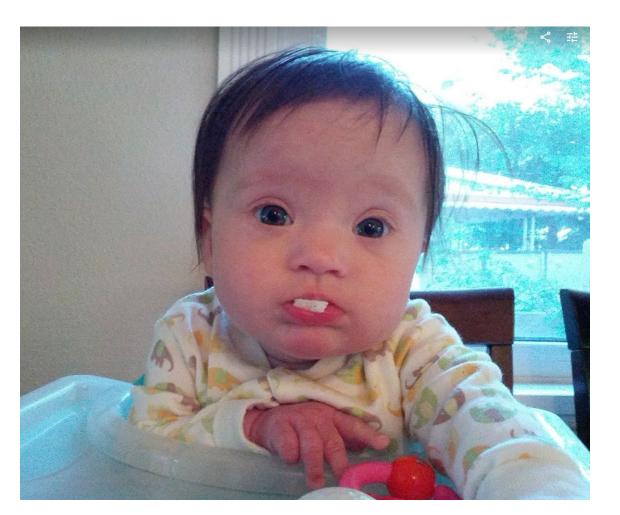


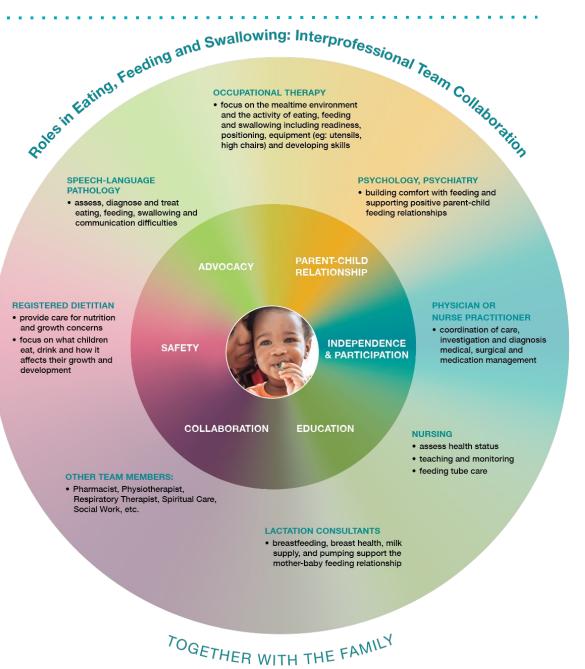
## Eisha – Birth Story



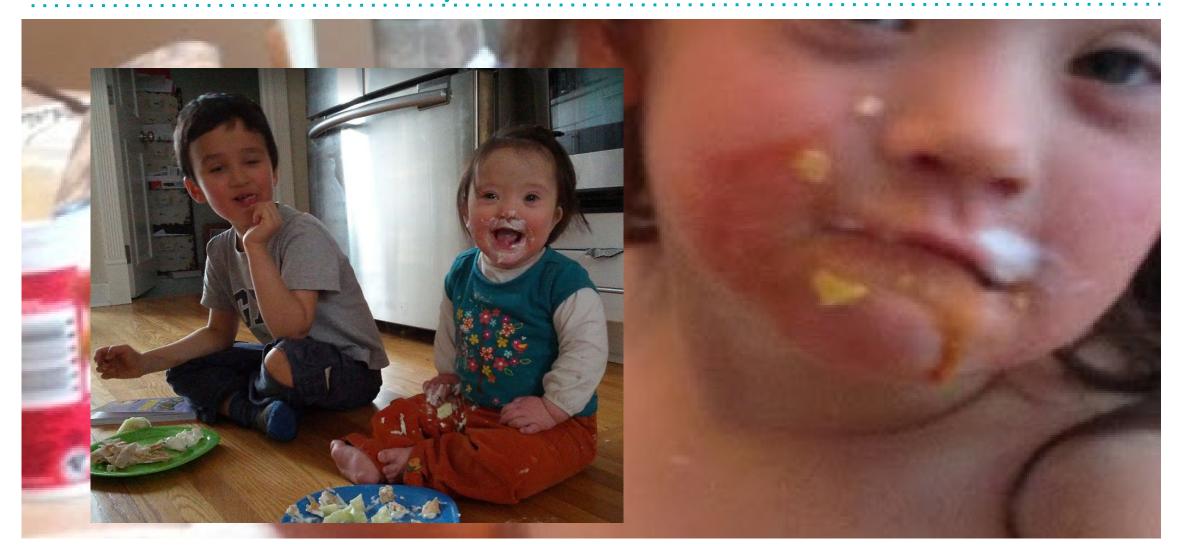


### Eisha – The first year

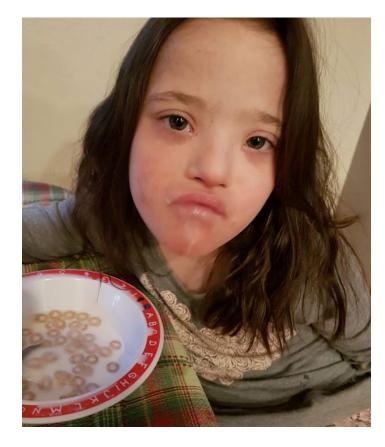




## Eisha - Transition to solid food - Daycare and School



### Eisha – Appropriate eating and non food items



### Family Goal Setting

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2. By M about ta such as speech s

	Strategies to Achieve Objectives					
March 2017, Eisha's family will learn communication outcomes for children iccuss ways to evaluate the changes in mmunication and participation at home.	Discussion of the Focus on the Outcomes of Communication Under Six (FOCUS-34) parent questionnaire before completion Completion of the FOCUS-34 Discussion of results of the FOCUS-34 after scored by SLP	Assumed SLP- discussion, providing information, scoring parent questionnaire Parents- discussion, questions, filling or parent questionnaire				
March 2017, Eisha's family will leam actile kinesthetic cueing approaches, 5 PROMPT, in order to support her sound development.	Trial of PROMPT therapy Discussion of the Motor Speech Hierarchy and Conceptual Framework Teaching broad-based parameter PROMPTs to family members the importance of turn-taking in nd practice tetice embedded in motivating activities sha with specific feedback during and collaboration in choosing target words and phrases	SLP- education and discussion on tactile-kinesthetic learning Parents- discussion and practice of strategies during motivating activities daily routines SLPa- practice of strategies during motivating activities and daily routi				
	suger the second	ers (e.g. practice SLP – Modelling, Coaching and Discussion SLPA – Practice, Introduce Activities				

### Eisha – Specialized Services and taking chances on food







# Health Professions Strategy & Practice Key Messages



Speech-Language Pathology

Julie Evans



Carmen Lazorek





## **Professional Practice in Action**

## Strong "I" + Strong "We" = Excellence in Care

https://insite.albertahealthservices.ca/about/vmv/Page14149.aspx

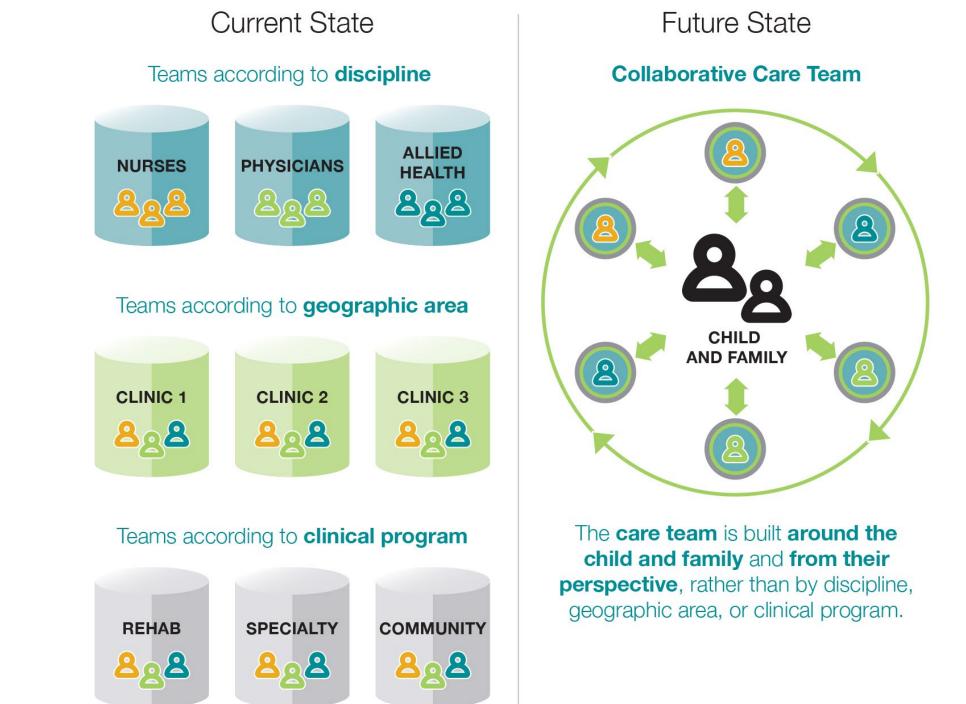


# **Collaborative Practice**

66 Collaborative Care is a healthcare approach in which interprofessional teams work together in partnership with patients and families to achieve optimal health outcomes.

-AHS CoACT





## CoACT Collaborative Care Elements for Pediatric Eating And Swallowing



### **Collaborative Care Team**

The entire care team, including patients and families. Inter-professional competencies are demonstrated, and high quality, proactive, integrated care meets patient needs and achieves the best possible health outcomes.



#### Assignment of Care

A discussion involving shared decision-making and negotiation of who is most appropriate to provide various child and family care activities.



### **Team Charter**

Description of Collaborative Care team members' responsibilities, accountabilities and working relationships in the care environment.





### **Collaborative Care** Leadership

Frontline teams that support successful implementation and sustainability of Collaborative Care, and Quality Culture.



And Swallowing

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**Collaborative Care Primers & Resources** 

Role Descriptors & Tasks within Full Scope

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### **Collaborative Practice**

#### "Unity is strength... when there is teamwork and collaboration, wonderful things can be achieved."

As a healthcare organization, Alberta Health Services (AHS) is dedicated to providing the highest quality care. The Pediatric Eating and Swallowing (PEAS) Project's mission is to capture the spirit and harness the power of collaboration to enhance and standardize interdisciplinary practice in the area of eating, feeding and swallowing (EFS), in order to attain the best outcomes for our patients and their families.

Team members from multiple disciplines play a critical role in the provision of care in the area of eating, feeding and swallowing. The following are a collection of resources to help healthcare professionals enhance collaborative practice and communication amongst team members including the child and their family.

#### **Collaborative Care Primers & Resources**

"Collaborative Care is a healthcare approach in which interprofessional teams work together in partnership with patients and families to achieve optimal health outcomes." – & CoACT

Together with AHS Co-ACT, the PEAS Project has developed a number of resources to support collaborative practice in Eating, Feeding and Swallowing:

- Team Charter
- Collaborative Care Team
- Assignment of Care
- Collaborative Care Leadership

#### READ MORE

#### Role Descriptors & Tasks within Full Scope

Together with families, clinicians, AHS Health Professions Strategy & Practice (HPSP), AHS Co-Act, and professional colleges, the PEAS Project has developed the PEAS Role Descriptors and Tasks within Full Scope for healthcare providers to:

- Provide EFS clinicians with an adaptable tool to use as a way of highlighting, communicating, and clarifying
  overlaps and gaps within each individual team.
- Promote interprofessional care bringing together the unique perspectives of varied disciplines regardless of whether people work in co-located teams or are geographically spread out.
- Focus members of a care team on their collective team competence to address child and family centered goals for EFS.
- Provide a tool to identify and cover gaps in service (e.g. referrals and consultation with other care teams, training, recruitment. etc).

1. Team Charter

Fream Charter Primer

Search ...

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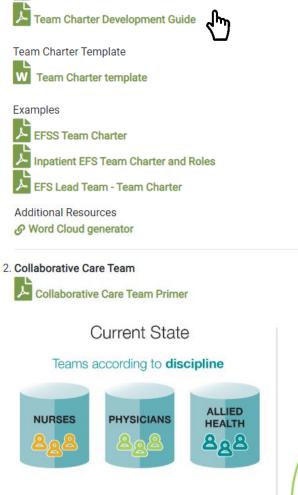
FAMILY RESOURCES



### Collaborative Care Primers & Resources

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# **Team Charter**

### **Key Components include:**

- Team Vision or Purpose
- Mutual Expectations
- Team Members Roles and Responsibilities
- National Interprofessional Competencies\*
- Accountability and Sustainability Agreement
- All members of the Collaborative Care Team sign the Team Charter.



### Team Charter

#### hy a Team Charter?

Teams work more effectively when they are united towards a common purpose, when individual responsibilities are known, and when all team members are clear about their roles and expectations. A Team Charter facilitate ownership of collaborative working relationships in the care environment it enables the team to function in an empowered manner and provides a link between the team's goals and the over-arching AHS mission, vision and goals.

#### What is a Team Charter?

A Team Charter is a collaboratively developed description of the team member's responsibilities, accountabilities and working relationships in the care environment. It defines the purpose of the team, team values, operating rules, and accountabilities, it provides the scope and approach to collaboration, outlines expectations, behaviours, and commitments. It also provides an agreed-upon process to resolve interprofessional conflict.

CONT. -



## **Team Charter**

✓ Examples

Templates

✓ Tools

### Alberta Health Alberta Children's Hospital



#### Eating, Feeding, Swallowing Service Team Charter

**Purpose:** We serve children and their families who have challenges with eating, feeding and swallowing, providing high quality, patient & family-centered, evidence-based assessment and treatment in order to empower our families and caregivers to have a positive feeding relationship with their children, and to make their lives easier.



Value Statement: The Eating, Feeding, Swallowing Services team will work with patients and families to

- meet them where they are;
- collaborate and partner with families;
- respect, trust and value all members of the team, with families being at the center;
- empower caregivers to promote a positive feeding relationship and experience;
- take the stress out of eating, feeding and swallowing.

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Team Charter Template

W Team Charter template

Examples

Additional Resources Word Cloud generator



## **Primers**

 2 page resources
 Practical concepts, suggestions and steps



### Collaborative Care Leadership

#### Why Collaborative Care Leadership?

Collaborative Care Leadership fosters an environment of ongoing learning, sharing, mentorship, and support to ensure excellence in collaborative practice. Effective Collaborative Care Leadership is critical to the successful implementation and sustainability of collaborative practice, collaborative processes and quality culture.

develop coalitions, and conduct systems transformation in order to oreate the Canadian health system of the future. To create a leadership culture, each person in the system, regardless of position or title, must exercise leadership when it is required. This is distributed leadership (adapted from LEADS Framework).

#### What is Collaborative Care Leadership?

Collaborative Care Leadership means that all leadersregardless of their role, or position in the health system-must be able to lead themselves, engage others, achieve results,

Collaborative Care Leadership can be modeled by individuals in formal or informal leadership positions. Leadership CONT.→

Collaborative Care Leadership Process

CHILD & FAMILY EXPERIENCE	PROVIDER EXPERIENCE	OPERATIONAL LEADERSHIP			
I am confident that my team has the right skills to meet my needs.	I am clear and competent in the activ- ities I need to do to address the child and family's needs.	I'm confident my staff are enabled to perform at their full capacity.			

Alberta Health Services Batric Easing COACT

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .



# Roles

66 A team-based or multidisciplinary approach to feeding and swallowing assessment in children is consistently recommended because of the complexity of dysphagia and to ensure care is coordinated appropriately. 99

CADTH. (2017) Feeding and swallowing assessment services for pediatric populations in Canada: Service provision, practice models, and assessment tools.



# Role Resources for:

Healthcare Providers

## ✓ Families



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### Role Descriptors & Tasks within Full Scope

"A **team-based or multidisciplinary approach** to feeding and swallowing assessment in children is **consistently recommended** because of the complexity of dysphagia and to ensure care is coordinated appropriately." (CADTH, 2017, p. 20)

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#### Download the Guide:

PEAS Role Descriptors and Tasks within Full Scope



Roles diagram for Healthcare Providers:



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## **Role Descriptors**

## **Tasks within Full Scope**



#### Role Descriptors For Healthcare Professionals

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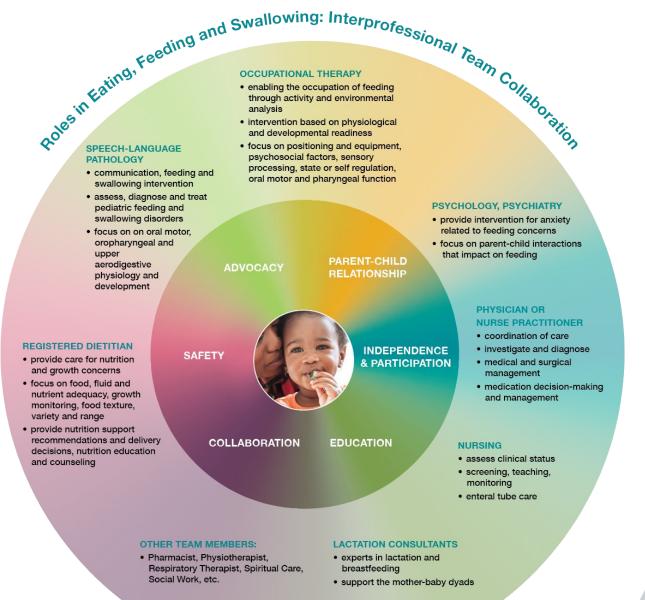
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## **Role Descriptors & Tasks within Full Scope**

- provide EFS clinicians with an adaptable tool to use as a way of highlighting, communicating, and clarifying overlaps and gaps within each individual team
- promote interprofessional care by bringing together the unique perspectives of varied disciplines regardless of whether people work in co-located teams or are geographically spread out
- focus care team members on their collective team competence to address child and family centered goals for EFS
- provide a tool to **identify and cover gaps** in service (e.g. referrals or consultation with other care teams, training, recruitment, etc.)





TOGETHER WITH THE FAMILY



#### **Profession Specific Regulation**

Health Professions Act – Profession Specific Schedule and Practice Statement

FIGURE 1: SCOPE OF PRACTICE

### **PEAS Collaborative Practice & Roles**

## **AHS Examples**





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### **OUICK LINKS**

CPG QUICK REFERENCE

ORDER FORMS & HANDOUTS

- FIND SERVICES
- VIRTUAL HEALTH

EQUIPMENT & SUPPLIES

FUNDING INFORMATION

### Additional Resources

### AHS Interprofessional Regulatory Affairs FAQs for EFS Teams

Legislative, Regulatory, Organizational and Individual Competency Guidelines for Eating, Feeding, and Swallowing (EFS) Teams

### S AHS Rehabilitation Conceptual Framework (AHS staff login required)

AHS Rehabilitation Model of Care *O* Resource Site (AHS staff login required)

This site includes multiple resources such as:

Pediatric Collaborative Goal Setting Practice Support

### Canadian Interprofessional Health Collaborative (CIHC)

### Second Second

### O Quick Reference Guide

The CIHC National Interprofessional Competency Framework describes the competencies required for effective interprofessional collaboration. Six competency domains highlight the knowledge, skills, attitudes and values that together shape the judgments that are essential for interprofessional collaborative practice. These domains are:

- Role Clarification
- Team Functioning
- Patient / Client / Family / Community-Centred Care
- Collaborative Leadership
- Interprofessional Communication
- Interprofessional Conflict Resolution

### AHS Role Clarity

For Allied Health Professionals (AHS staff login required)
 For Health Professions (AHS staff login required)

### AHS Collaborative Practice Consultation Triggers

AHS Collaborative Practice Team Consultation Triggers

#### Video on Collective Competence | Dr. Lorelei Lingard | TEDxBayfield | 20 min

# Interprofessional Regulatory Affairs FAQ

- Restricted Activities
- To diagnose not a restricted activity
- Health Professions Act
- Collaborative Competence
- AHS role in directing how professions practice

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**OUICK LINKS** 

# CPG QUICK REFERENCE ORDER FORMS & HANDOUTS FIND SERVICES VIRTUAL HEALTH EQUIPMENT & SUPPLIES FUNDING INFORMATION EOR FAMILIES

### Additional Resources

PEAS Frequently Asked Question related to Professional Roles (coming soon) Note: resources are being developed by Interprofessional Regulatory Affairs

### AHS Rehabilitation Conceptual Framework (AHS staff login required)

AHS Rehabilitation Model of Care *Second* Resource Site (AHS staff login required)

This site includes multiple resources such as:

Pediatric Collaborative Goal Setting Practice Support

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AHS Collaborative Practice Team Consultation Triggers

### Video on Collective Competence | Dr. Lorelei Lingard | TEDxBayfield | 20 min

Summary:

FOR FAMILIES

ORAL FEEDING

TUBE FEEDING

#### FAMILY LIFE & SELF-CARE

Self-Care

Family Life

Finding a Support Network

YOUR CARE TEAM

CARE COORDINATION

TOOLS & TEMPLATES



### Family Life & Self-Care

Families can often experience stress and anxiety about their child's eating and feeding as mealtime is an important part of daily life and health. There are resources and people available to help you and your family. Some of these people might be part of your current healthcare team, while others might be available to you as a referral if you need one.

**Social workers** can assist you and your family with the burdens of coping with stress and financial concerns. They can help you access other services and resources in the community. If you have homecare services in place, you will most likely have access to a social worker or to other team members who can help in this regard.

**Spiritual care providers** offer spiritual, emotional and religious support to families. They can also help you access other faith-based groups in your own community. Consider connecting with one if this sounds important to you.

**Mental health supports** are also available. Your primary care provider or a healthcare team member can also provide you with information about support services in your community.

Additional Resources:

Inform Alberta is a provincial directory of community, health, social and government services available in your area

### Self-Care

To help others, we must first take care of ourselves. Here are some things you can do for yourself and may also help to boost your family's resiliency:

### READ MORE

### Family Life

Day-to-day life can be more challenging when your child has feeding difficulties. Please know that you are not alone and there are many resources, supports and ideas to help you and your family. The following are some resources on the following topics:

- · Involving family, friends, caregivers, and school
- · Supporting my child's siblings and peers

### READ MORE

Finding a Support Network

Social Media

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ORAL FEEDING

#### TUBE FEEDING

### FAMILY LIFE & SELF-CARE

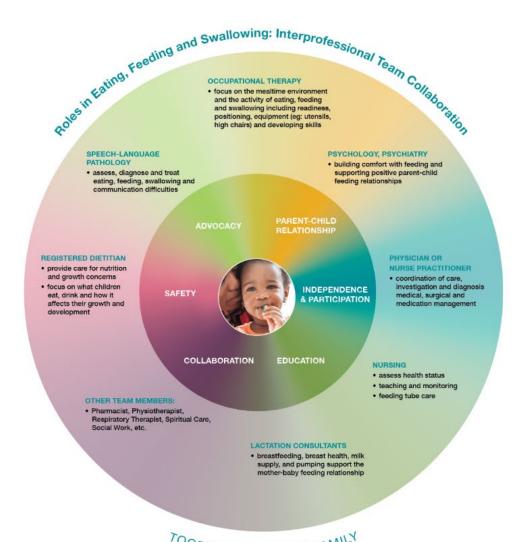


#### TOOLS & TEMPLATES

& QUICK LINKS
✓ IS FEEDING A STRUGGLE?
✓ FIND SERVICES
VIRTUAL HEALTH
V EQUIPMENT & SUPPLIES
✓ FUNDING INFORMATION
✓ FAQS

### Your Care Team

Every child's healthcare team is different, depending on your child's needs. Factors such as where you live and receive care also impacts who might be on your local team. If your child is accessing eating, feeding and swallowing services, members of your healthcare team will often help to coordinate care together with your child's Primary Care provider (eg: pediatrician, family doctor, or nurse practitioner) and other professionals in your community to improve care planning, communication, and your experience.



Search...

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### FOR FAMILIES

ORAL FEEDING

TUBE FEEDING

FAMILY LIFE & SELF-CARE

YOUR CARE TEAM

✓ IS FEEDING A STRUGGLE?
✓ FIND SERVICES
✓ VIRTUAL HEALTH
EQUIPMENT & SUPPLIES
✓ FUNDING INFORMATION

🖌 FAQS

### Care Coordination

The following are some common answers to questions that you may have regarding coordination of care for your child and family.

What is my role as a Parent or Family Member?	+
Who might be involved in our care?	+
How can we prepare for going home from the hospital?	+
Who do I talk to about?	+
With whom and when will follow-up occur?	+
How do I find or know who our Care Coordinator is?	+
How do I talk to our healthcare team about our goals?	+
What if different clinicians give me different information?	+
How do we prepare for transitioning from pediatric to adult care?	+

# **Collaborative Goal Setting**



Practice Director, Provincial Occupational Therapy

**Carmen Lazorek** 



# What is Collaborative Goal Setting (CGS)?

An intentional, shared decision-making process....

Parent = expert on their child, knowledgeable about what is important to the family; their values, preferences, motivations

Provider = expert on health condition, rehabilitation process

November 5, 2020

# Why Collaborative Goal Setting?

- ✓ Improved client outcomes
- ✓ Improved engagement, satisfaction, motivation
- ✓ Improved clinical outcomes, self-management, attendance/commitment
- ✓ Patient-centered care
- ✓ Patient First strategy
- ✓ What matters to you

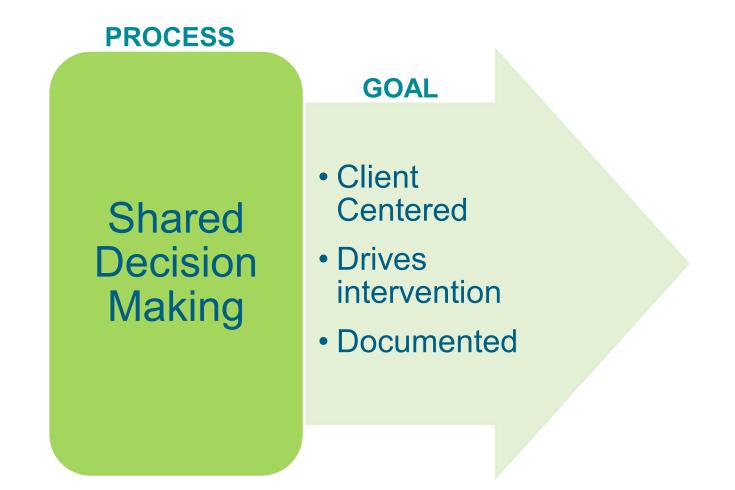
November 5, 2020

# GOALS

# What motivates, and what matters Not pre-configured

November 5, 2020

# Principles of Collaborative Goal Setting



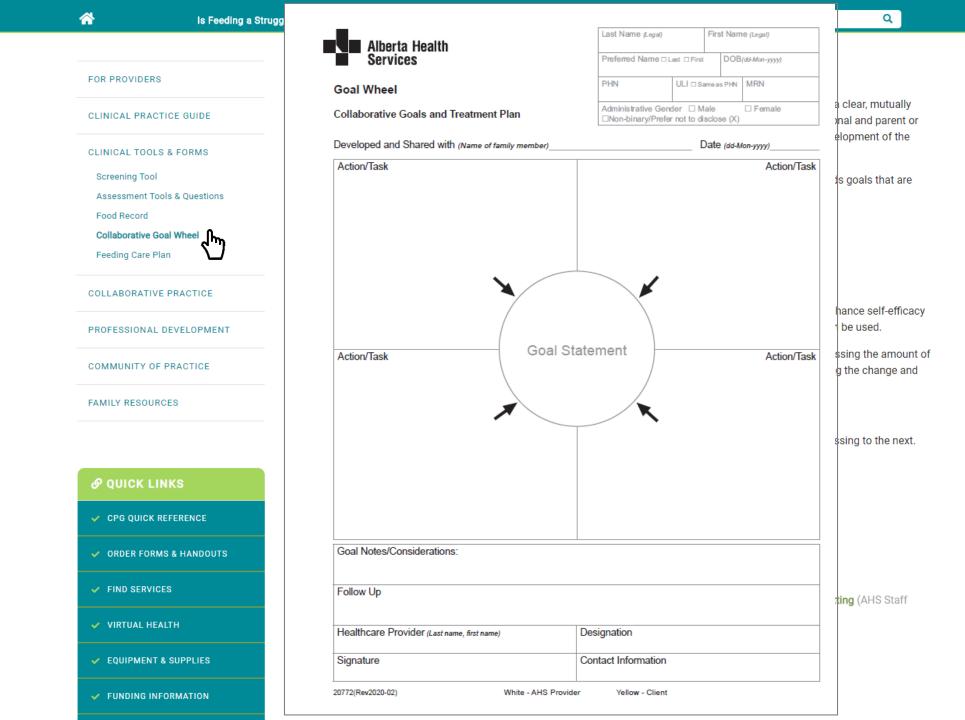
# **Documentation of Collaborative Goals**

# Collaborative Goals and Treatment Plan Flowsheet (Inpatient)



# Treatment Planning Activity (Outpatient)







. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Alberta Health	Last Name (Legal) F		First Name (Legal)			
Services	Preferred Name  L	ast 🗆 First	DOB	(dd-Man-yyyy)		
Goal Wheel	PHN	ULI 🗆 Same	as PHN	MRN	 	•••••
Collaborative Goals and Treatment Plan	Administrative Gender  Male Female Non-binary/Prefer not to disclose (X)					
Developed and Shared with (Name of family member)		Da	te (dd-M	оп-уууу)		
Action/Task				Action/Task		
<ul> <li>Identify appropriate chair to use in outings that provides appropriate postural control for eating.</li> <li>Practice using it at home to prepare for outings.</li> <li>Consider sitting on lap as an alternative while she becomes familiar with the new chair.</li> <li>Action/Task</li> <li>Consider connecting with a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When possible, identify foods that might be eaten at the gathering and introduce in advance within her oral motor abilities.</li> <li>Introduce these foods using strategies in this handout: Introducing New Foods to Your Child</li> <li>Take familiar foods as a back-up.</li> <li>Action/Task</li> <li>Start with a date with</li> </ul>					
Psychologist to explore parent's feelings and challenges of raising a child with different abilities.	expect about your daughter's abilities to eat and what that might look like. Slowly introduce more people and prepare them for the gathering: share your daughter's abilities and provide answers to their children's anticipated questions.					

Follow Up OT appointment to look at seating and demonstrate food introduction strategies.

Search ...

Q

FOR PROVIDERS

CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDE

**CLINICAL TOOLS & FORMS** 

Screening Tool

Assessment Tools & Questions

Food Record

Collaborative Goal Wheel

Feeding Care Plan

COLLABORATIVE PRACTICE

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

COMMUNITY OF PRACTICE

FAMILY RESOURCES

**OUICK LINKS** 

# CPG QUICK REFERENCE ORDER FORMS & HANDOUTS FIND SERVICES

VIRTUAL HEALTH

EQUIPMENT & SUPPLIES

✓ FUNDING INFORMATION

### Collaborative Goal Wheel

Collaborative goal setting provides a means by which to plan ahead, provide direction and establish a clear, mutually understood trajectory of the child's management or treatment plan between the healthcare professional and parent or caregiver, and across the interdisciplinary team. Parent, and if possible child, participation in the development of the child's own meaningful goals and treatment plan, provides:

- confidence that their treatment team is working in a coordinated way to help them work towards goals that are
  important to them
- consistency, e.g. commitment to one plan, across the EFS team, and parent or caregivers
- improved patient outcomes.

### Steps of Goal Setting

Step 1: Collaboratively choose a goal that is important to the child and family.

Step 2: Explore ideas to break down the goal into smaller more manageable steps. Smaller steps enhance self-efficacy and goal attainment. Tools such as SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Rewarding, Timely) can be used.

Step 3: Explore potential barriers that may impact goal achievement; manage expectations by discussing the amount of change desired, the speed of which the change may be accomplished, and the ease of accomplishing the change and effects this change with have on other aspects of the infant, child, or family's life.

Step 4: Make one change at a time and record data to accurately track progress.

Step 5: Regularly review success as each goal is achieved (or steps within a goal) and before progressing to the next. Step 6: Reassess goals on a regular basis to evaluate criteria for discharge.

#### Template:

Solal Wheel: Collaborative Goals and Treatment Plan

### Refer to:

- A Pediatric Collaborative Goal Setting Practice Support
- OREAD Rehabilitation Model of Care Sharepoint Site (AHS Staff Login required)
- Oconnect Care Document Library for information on Collaborative Care Planning and Goal Setting (AHS Staff Login required – search for "Goal")
- Ø HealthChange

# **Contact Us**



# Email: PEAS.Project@ahs.ca



COMMUNITY OF PRACTICE

CONTACT US

### Contact Us

We welcome you to contact us to learn more about the PEAS project or to provide your feedback about this website. Please do **not** include any personal health information. If you have a health concern, contact **Health Link** at **811** or see our other **O contact options**.

Close this note from the top right corner.

### First Name

Last Name

Email



Subject

Message



Send

### **About PEAS**

Pediatric Eating And Swallowing (PEAS) is a quality improvement initiative to standardize services and improve care for children with an eating, feeding and swallowing disorder in Alberta.

Learn more...

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Other

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QI Dashboard

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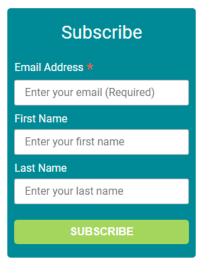
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### NEWS AND EVENTS

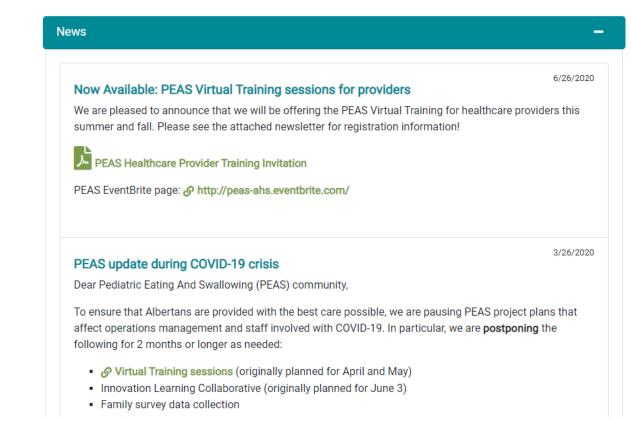
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### News and Events



### About PEAS

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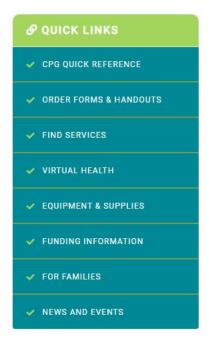
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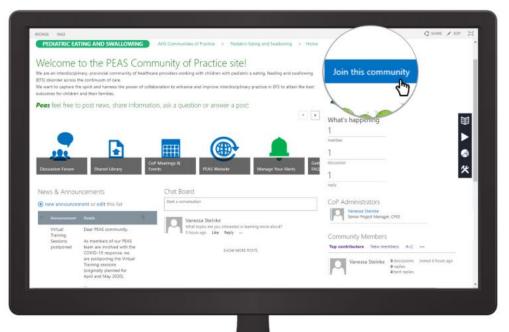
### Community of Practice

We have just launched the Pediatric Eating And Swallowing Community of Practice (CoP) for healthcare providers who work with children with a pediatric eating, feeding and swallowing (EFS) disorder. This virtual CoP is an interdisciplinary community of healthcare providers across the continuum of care in Alberta. The goal of this CoP is to capture the spirit and harness the power of collaboration to enhance and improve interdisciplinary practice in EFS to attain the best outcomes for children and their families.

### To join the PEAS Community of Practice:

- You must be a healthcare provider with an AHS account.
   \*See below for information on how to obtain an AHS account.
- 2. Go to the PEAS CoP website here: *https://extranet.ahsnet.or/teams/CoP/PEAS/SitePages/Home.aspx* If prompted, enter your AHS account name and password.

3. Click "Join this community" as shown below. That's it!



# Questions & Comments?





# Big PEAS & Thank YOU!

- Working Group co-chairs & members
- Steering Committee
- Leadership Team
- Family Advisors

Survey: https://survey.albertahealthservices.ca/peas.webinar3



### **PEAS Collaborative Practice & Roles**

# Thank You

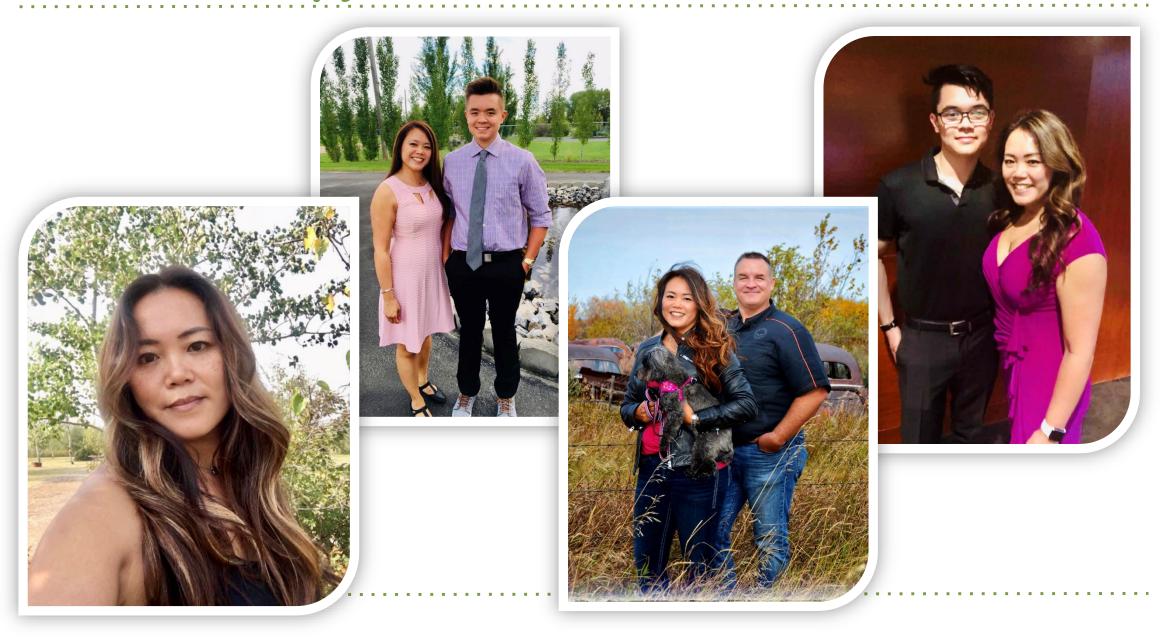
# PEAS Roles & Implementation Working Group!

- Bob Brown, KM Consultant
- Carla Lummerding, Family Advisor
- Cheryl Brown, RCSD Manager
- Heather Moore, OT Calgary
- Jacinda Sartison, Pediatric Home Care Manager
- Jamie Canonaco, Family Advisor
- Jody Brudler, RD Manager
- Julia Giesen, SLP Royal Alexandra Hospital
- Laura Benard, Senior Practice Consultant, HPSP Physiotherapy
- Lily Ragan, ACH Manager
- Lisa Gordey, Senior Practice Consultant, CoACT-HPSP
- Loralea Morin, OT ACH
- Lynn Millard, Psychologist Calgary
- Maxine Scringer-Wilkes, RN, Lactation Consultant ACH

- Melanie Matiisen-Dewar, Manager ACH (PEAS Co-Chair)
- Melissa Lachapelle, RD Provincial Practice Lead
- Mini Kurian, SLP Stollery
- Moonira Rampuri, OT ACH
- Shannon Armstrong, OT Grande Prairie
- Shobha Magoon, OT, Edmonton Home Care
- Siju John, Care Manager, Pediatric Community Rehabilitation
- Terra Ward, SLP, GRH
- Tina Nelson, SLP, ACH
- Tricia Miller, Manager, South Zone (PEAS Co-Chair)
- Vanessa Steinke, Project Manager, Provincial (PEAS Co-Chair)
- Wendy Johannsen, SLP, Stollery
- Winnifred Cull-Power, Manager, ACH, Home Care
- Yolan Parrott, OT Clinical Practice Lead, Glenrose



# Tribute to Wendy Johannsen





# PEAS.Project@ahs.ca

# Survey: https://survey.albertahealthservices.ca/peas.webinar3